**How to make add user as SUDO user:**

Su –

Apt install sudo

sudo usermod -a -G sudo <<username>>

if centoOS -> usermod -aG wheel <<username>>

sudo gpasswd -a <<username>> sudo

Centos:

When you don’t have IPAddress or internet access

**Solution**

* Access terminal/console
* Become a root if you are not already
* Execute dhclient –v command
* You will notice it will bound IP address as shown below

**CENTOS**:

usermod -aG wheel dpandian

whoami (this has to return ROOT)

nano /etc/sudoers

In that file add “username ALL=(ALL) NOPASSWD:ALL”

<https://devconnected.com/how-to-add-a-user-to-sudoers-on-debian-10-buster/>

**When the Bitwise connection refused:**

sudo apt-get install openssh-server openssh-client

sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install -y apt-transport-https curl

curl -s https://packages.cloud.google.com/apt/doc/apt-key.gpg | sudo apt-key add -

cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d/kubernetes.list

deb https://apt.kubernetes.io/ kubernetes-xenial main

EOF

sudo apt-get update

sudo apt-get install -y kubelet kubeadm kubectl

sudo apt-mark hold kubelet kubeadm kubectl

**To change the root user password in Ubuntu:**

sudo su – (give password for the user your logged in)

whoami (you will see as root)

sudo passwd root (it will ask for the new password for two times)

That’s it password got changed